

Ieffersonian Republican.

Thursday, January 15, 1852.

Gov. Johnston's Message. This document will be found upon the first page of to-day's Republican, though much shorter than his former ones of this character, is nevertheless sufficiently comprehensive to embrace every subject of particthe Commonwealth; and while every question is briefly and concisely treated, the clearness, and force, with which its various proppositions are brought out, give ample evidence of the thoughtful and reflective care and consideration of the same great and powerful mind which has been so strikingly manifested in all his former productions.

Whig Economy.

The Washington correspondent of the Ledger, a full-blooded Locofoco, states that the estimates for the War Department are some tifteen hundred thousand dollars less than those of last year, and that notwithstanding that reduction, we shall have another Regiment of Dragoons and a company of Light Artillery.' He also states 'that the expenses of the Indian Bureau are cut down by more than half a million, and that similar reforms are introduced in all branches of the government.' So then, says the York Republican, according to this by no means friendly authority the Whig Administration at Washington has effected a saving of two millions of dollars in the War Department and Indian Bureau, 'while similar reforms are introduced in all branches of the government.' When you hear the locofocos abusing the Whigs you can just 'stick a pin there.'

CONGRESS done nothing during the past week, and we have consequently nothing to record. -

NEW COUNTERFEIT.-Two dollar notes, Harrisburg Bank,--re-issue-dated January 1, 1851, signed Wm. Kerr, clerk-letter B, were put in circulation a few days since, says the Philadelphia Sun of the 6th inst. The notes, though well executed, are counterfeit, and likely to deceive. Look out for them.

Mammoth Wild Tuckey.

Recently a resident of Berks county, shot a wild turkey that must have been the patriach of the turkey tribe in those parts. It had inches between the wings; 4 feet 4 inches from bill to tail, and weighed 20 pounds .--Quite a number of wild turkeys have been murder. shot in the same neighborhood during the winter, but none so large as the specimen above noticed.

Castner Hanaway, the individual whose name is familar to our readers, as connected with the late treason trial in Philadelphia, has suffered much from his long confinement. nal. The Lancaster Whig says his health was never very good, and that his late sufferings will probably cause his death.

Cold.-At the Franconia Iron Works, in New Hampshire, on the 26th ult., the thermometer is reported to have stood at 32 degrees below zero!

A CALIFORNIA PLACER.-The St. Louis Intelligencer states that Col. Benton has received intelligence that Col. Fremont's quartz mine in California has been sold to a London company for one million dollars in eash, and and that the money is ready to be paid in New York, as soon as the necessary title deeds are executed. Col. Benton is now on his way to New York to consumate the trans-

The Register has hoisted the name of that distinguished old Federalist, James Buchanan, for President, and parades in its columns a long list of names as officers of the Buckanan Club of this place. How many of them are Buchanan men we can't exactly say: but we'll bet our old boots against the Register's common sense, that we can chalk the hats of at least a score of those who are made to figure in the proceedings, who are not half so anxious to see Mr. Buchanan the Locofoco nominee as we are! However, when a man has not bona fide strength with his party, a little buncombe should be charitably excused. Huzza for Buchanan! We're for him-ron им! So drive ahead, gentlemen-plaster his Federalism, endorse his Democracy, oil his joints, lubricate his spavins, and trot him out.-Juniata Sentinel.

SHUT THE DOOR .- The weather is very cold. At this season of the year, shutting the door after you is a cardinal virtue.

"Though you, my friend, may boast a gifted

A soul of honor, and a taste refined. These bitter times, we seek for something

The first of virtues is-to shut the door !"

It is said that during the year 1850, there were fifty-three steamboats lost on the West-

690,801.

Penusylvania Legislature.

Harrisburg, Jan. 6, 1852. were present. After calling the roll and reading the members' certificates; the election for Speaker took place, with the following result: John S. Rhey, Demo., 55 votes; John Acker, Whig, 34; Frederick Reel, Native 4; scattering 3.

Mr. Rhey was declared elected, and he ton Railroad Company. made an appropriate speech.

Mr. Acker administered the oath of office to the new Speaker.

Members were sworn in, and the usual res- petition. olutions passed, when the House adjourned.

The Senate met at 3 o'clock this afternoon. All the members present, three unsuccessful ballotings took place for Speaker: John H. ular importance in the immediate affairs of Walker, Whig, and H. A. Muhlenberg, Dem. American, not voting. The Senate adjourned till 11 o'clock to-morrow.

> January 7, 1852. The Senate organized to-day. Mr. Walker was elected Speaker on the eighth ballot. Members were sworn in and the Governor's Message was delivered.

> January 8, 1852. The bill passed at the last session of the Legislature, repealing the law prohibiting the use of any jail or prison of this Commonwealth for the detention of Fugitive Slaves, has been vetoed by the Governor, and the bill returned to House in which it originated. January 9th.

> Senate-The Speaker laid before the Senate a communication from the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, which was read and ordered to be printed. He also submitted a communication from the Auditor General, and a message from the Governor, the last communicating the tittles of a number of bills signed during the recess of the Lagis-

Mr. Sanderson submitted the following res-

Resolved, That a committee of five Senators be appointed to apportion the State into Congressional districts.

The resolution was lost-Yeas 16, nays 17. House-The Speaker presented the annual report of the Philadelphia Savings Fund Society, and also the report of the committee | The weather at San Francisco appointed at the last session in reference to the expediency of resuming possession of the Delaware and Hudson Canal by the State.

The Speaker also submitted a petition of 25 citizens of Philadelphia county, contesting the rights of certain members to seats in the

On motion, one hundred copies of Dunlap's Digest of the Laws of Pennsylvania, were ordered to be purchased for the use of the

Mr. Bromall, read in place a bill to authora beard 9 inches long; measured 5 feet 9 ise courts to change names, and to decree sales of real estate, and also a bill for the more effective punishment of the crime of

> January 10th. Senate-After the reading of the journal, and the presentation of a number of petitions, Mr. Packer, read a bill, to repeal the 4th and 6th sections of the law to prevent kidnapping

Mr. Sanderson, a bill to provide for the immediate completion of the North Branch Ca-

Mr. Frailey, a bill relative to foreign at tachments, and a bill to incorporate the Anthracite Bank at Tamaqua.

Mr. Kunkel offered the following preamble

and resolution, which were adopted: Whereas, Gov. Kossuth, in reply to the invitation to visit the Capitol, has expressed his intention to be here on Tuesday next, the 13th inst., therefore

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed to act with a similar committee appointed by the House of Representatives, as a committee for the reception of Governor Kossuth, and that they report to the Senate on Monday, what action shall be had by the

Legislature on the occasion of his visit. The committee appointed to confer as to the time and place of opening and declaring the returns of the election for Governor, have decided on Thursday the 15 inst., in the Hall of the House of Representatives.

House-A number of bills were introduced Five Hundred Persons Destroy. -among them a bill to provide for the exemption of the homestead from liability for the

January 11th.

charter of the Easton Bank.

of adjournment.

ding committees of the session. all parts of the country, asking an amend- sons have been destroyed by this terrible visment to the Constitution which will prohibit itation, and an immense amount of property, fined and delicately constituted mind;

ern waters, and sixty-four seriously injured re-charter of the Easton Bank; for the estab- drowned. After the occurrence, numbers of stood and ill appreciated California of affirms that he volunteered in Septem-In these 700 persons lost their lives, and a lishment of a Bank at Meadville, Crawford human bodies were picked up, all frightfully ours. The very last production, however, ber, 1850, in Dauphin county, Pennsylmillion and a half of property was destroyed. | county; for a new county to be called "Decatur"; for a new county out of parts of parts corporation of the Odd Fellows' Widows and ted into ther U. States.

Orphan's Asylunn of Pennsylvania; for the ncorporation of a Bank to be located at Ta-The House organized at 11 o'clock, 94 maque; and for a law making the Delaware

debts contracted by its agents, &c. The following bills were introduced: To incorporate the Mauch Chunk Bank;

To repeal the sixth section of the act of 1847, relative to fugitive slaves and the use of the jails of the State for their detention; To incorporate the Philadelphia and Eas-

The selection of a committee to examine into the contested seats from Philadelphia county, was on motion indefinitely postponed and the petitioners allowed to withdraw their doing business in New-York.

To cure a Felou.

Take one table spoonful of Castile soap, one teaspoonful of red lead, mix them with as much weak ley as will make it soft enough had each 15 votes; Mr. Hamilton, Native to spread like a salve, and apply it on the first appearance of the felon, and it will cure it even a representative, has ever honored Belin ten or twelve hours.

Eleven days Later from Califor-

ARRIVAL OF THE DANIEL WEBSTER.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11 .- The Steamer Daniel Webster from San Juan, whence she sailed on the evening of the 1st inst, and Havana the afternoon of the 6th inst, arrived this

Sharbrings dates from San Francisco to the 15th of December, 255 passengers and \$560,00, principally in the hands of Parsen-

Parker arrived at San Juan on the 1st inst., and her visit was supposed to have reference to the recent outrage upon the steamer Promethous by the British brig of war Express.

The steamer Tennessee with the mails from New York to the 11th of November, arrived at San Francisco on the 14th of December, and the mail steamer from that city was in consequence detained until the 16th, to give merchants time to answer their letters. It was not known what amount of gold be despatched by the mail steamer.

The latest intelligence from San Diego indicates most decidedly that the Indian disturbances are at an end, and Gov. McDongal had disbanded all the volunteer companies which had been formed.

The accounts from the interior speak of frequent heavy rains, which have proved of great benefit to vegetation, and have raised the rivers from five to ten feet. There has not, however, sufficient rain fallen to afford the gold seekers with dry diggings, all the facilities they require for successful work.

The papers contain contradictory statements relative to the gold discoveries in the Bear Valley. Some asserting that the claim has the appearance of being worked out whilst others affirm that the first accounts have been fully realized, and that it is a reliable fact that the original discoverers have sunk their hole to the depth of 12 feet, and have taken out \$460,000.

There had been a moderate business doing at San Francisco during the last fortnight, without any improvement in prices, the stocks continuing largely in excess of the demand.

Seamen's wages were firm and engagements were difficult at late rates. Laborers obtain from \$5 to \$6 per day, and carpenters and masons from \$7 to \$10. Other mechancal branches are prosperous.

The general interests of the State are progressing favorably, and all matters continue gradually to assume a more settled and satisfactory aspect.

The miners generally are doing well. Clear gold dost \$17,25 per ounce. Sight bills on New York 4 percent.

Most of the damning companies and others, working in the beds of the rivers, had suspen-

An extensive deposit of magnetic oxide of iron ore had been discovered 30 miles from Marysville, on the Placerville road.

One thousand tons of tobacco are annually quirted over the face of creation, and twenty tons of ivory are worn out chewing the weed every seven years.

ed by a Water Spout. On Saturday, intelligence was received at debts of the owner thereof, and from sale on Lloyd's, under date Malto, Monday, the Sth execution or other legal processes, and for instant, of a most awful occurrence at the islfrom the directors of the Pennsylvania Bank, phenomena, described the water-spouts as two in reference to the imposition of a tax upon immense spherical bodies of water reaching their dividends; also a memorial from mer- from the clouds, their cones nearly touching chants of the city and county of Philadelphia the earth, and, as far as could be judged, at in favor of the recharter of the Easton Bank. a quarter of a mile apart, travelling with im-Various other memorials were also pre- mense velocity. They passed over the island sented, from different sections, asking the re- near Marsala. In their progress houses were unroofed, men and women, horses, cattle and The supplement to the act incorporating the sheep were raised up, drawn into their vortex Erie and Sunbury and Pittsburg and Susque- and borne on to destruction; during their pashanna Railroad Company, was taken up on sage rain descended in cataracts, accompansecond reading and discussed until the hour ied with hail-stones of enormous size and masses of ice. Going over Castellamarre, . and washed 200 of the inhabitants into the Numerous petitions were presented from sea, who all perished. Upwards of 500 permutilated and swollen.

The whereabouts of the "Public Stock Bank of Belvidere, N. J.," is not, it appears, precisely known. A writer in the Belvidere Intelligencer tells what he knows concerning the institution, and leaves to others to complete the sketch. He says:

Early last fall a stranger from New-York appeared at Belvidere, and at his request, was introduced to the County Clerk. He stated he was an Agent of certain gentlemen in New-York, and his business was to file a list of the Stockholders, for a new Bank, and whom he represented as very respectable gentlemen

The Stockholders are :- Patrick O'Brien, Jeremy Kelly, Thomas Kelly, Thomas Wheeler, Thomas Merrian, T. Moss, E. B. arrowsmith-1000 shares.

certificate and paying his bill, he disappeared, and neither Patrick O'Brien, Jeremy Kelly, nor a single one in the catalogue of Toms, or videre since, with his presence. But it appears that the Bank is in operation somewhere, but where no one knows, as the bills of a Bank, called the Public Stock Bank of Belvidere, are in circulation, and reported as selling in Wall-st. for 99 cts. for the dollar. They purport to be signed by B. L. Cross, of New York, as V. President. Whether this Mr. Cross is connected with the financial firms in New-York of B. L. Cross & Co., or Cross & Co., who are reported as owing the People's Bank of Paterson come twenty-four thousand dollars, I will not presume to say.

Only a few of these strange Bills have made brought from below by some of our farmers, who on coming to Belvidere and finding nei-The U. S. steamer Saranac, Commodore ther Bank, Banking House, Agent, or Representative, have sold some few of the bills at 75 cents for the dollar. The purchasers, old them as curiosities.

Treasurer's Report.

The report of the Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Corwin, was presented to Congress a few days since. According to this report, the receipts for the year 1851, were, for \$49,016,567 92

943,106 65 liscellaneous,

\$52,312,979 87 Total receipts, This added to the balance in the Treasury on the 1st July, 1850, \$604,544 49 gives a total of \$58,917,524 36.

The estimated receipts for the year ending in June 1852, from all sources, are \$51,500,-000, which added to the balance in the Treasy on the 1st of July, 1851, will make grand aggregate of \$62,411,545 68.

The estimated receipts for the year commencing July 1, 1852 are \$51,800,000, which added to the estimated balance in the Treasury on the 30th of June, 1852, we have an aggregate of \$63,258,752 09.

The estimated expenditures for the same year are \$42,892,290 19, leaving an estimated balance in the Treasury, an the 1st July, 1853 of \$20,366,442 90.

Of the estimates this year; there are for ordinary wants \$33,343,217 07; for new Territories and treaty obligations, \$9,549,080 12. The surplus remaining, it is estimated, will be sufficiently ample to pay the loan due Juthe expenses of the present and the next ses-

sions of Congresss. Mr. Corwin states the public debt to be \$62,563,395 26; showing a reduction of more than a million and a half during the calander year, exclusive of the Mexican indemnity -He recommends the purchase of sound State stocks, for the redemption of the public debt, instead of paying the enormous premiums en

Government securities. The excess of exports for the present fiscal year over the last, is more than forty-three and half millions.

The tables show that the exports of cotton in 1850, with half a crop, yielded in dollars, more than forty millions and a quarter over the crop of the previous year. Bredstuffs have declined more than two-thirds in the aggregate exports since 1848, namely, from sixty-nine millions in 1847, to twenty-two mil- the candidates, like the inhabitents of

During five months of the present fiscacal year, twenty-seven and a half millions of specie were exported.

Mr. Corwin urges a modification of the tariff under present circumstances, of excessive imports of goods and exports of specie, as a means of safety. He exhibits a decline in iron manufactures, from '43 to the present time, by irresistible figures. He recommends the English policy regarding silver coinage, making it a lega! tender only for sums not exceeding ten dollars. He also recommends the establishment of Branch Mints, at New York and San Francisco, and the discontinuance of those in North Carolina and Georgia.

Wonderful Resources of Califor.

We find in looking over the files of California papers, that some new and hitherto undeveloped resources are constantly being brought to light in that wonderful country. At first, says the and of Sicily, which had been swept by two Alta California, the productions of that enormous water-spouts, accompanied by a ter- country were hides, then came gold, and Senate-Mr. Crabb, presented a memorial rific hurricane. Those who witnessed the although she was a very valuable country owing to her gold mines yet her soil was of course poor and unproductive because of its mineral character. But gradually we find that grapes, rich fruits, and huge and most delicious vegetables are the almost spontaneous productions of her miserable soil. A little later we hear of elegant marble ledges of granite quarries, of quicksilver mines, of coal mines. We listen among the mountains and we hear a hundred waterfalls, waiting merely for the mill to turn out with untold magic the richest fabrics. On examination some say that the soil of a large portion of the State House—The Speaker announced the stan- near Stabia, it destroyed half the town, to the growth of the very finest of cotton. From ice and granite, to wines and oranges; from the Indian scarcely removed from the brute, to the most rehave been discovered.

Apprentices Surrendered under the Fugitive Act of 1850.

Friday, before a United States Commis- yourself near the fibuta ?' ' No,' ausioner, in which three runaway appren- swered he, 'near the market house,' tices were claimed as bound in service or labor. The Commissioner said the facts of the case being unquestioned that he had no doubt that apprenticed servants such as the indentures showed these persons to be by the laws of New York, were within the purview of the constitutional provision requirtng the surrender of, "persons held in service," on claim of the person to whom such service was due. He had never seen it questioned, that white men as well as black men, and servants for years as well as servants After doing this, obtainining the Clerk's for life, were within its objects and re- the 2's have three figures in the vignette, quirements. A certificate was therefore given to Mr. Russell in accordance with the Fugitive Act of 1850, and under it the apprentices were carried back to

New York and Eric Railroad.

The E. R. R. Co., have issued a state ment of the affairs of the road, and its operations during the past year. The earnings of the road, during the year have been \$2,776,949 59. This is between five and six thousand dollars over the estimate made for the year. The expenses of the road, including ferries and steamboat service on the Lake, have been \$1, their appearance in this county, having been 377,977, being some eight thousand less than the estimate. The cost of the road to Dunkirk has been found to be \$23,-580,000. This is about \$3,000,000 a bove the estimate.

> The present floating debt is about \$3 000,000, To fund this debt, and aid in building 100 miles double track from Great Bend westward, the Co. propose to issue bonds payable in ten yoars and bearing an interest of 7 per cent. The dividend of 4 per cent, lately declared, amounted to a little over \$400,000.

Gen. Scott.

A correspondent of the Inquirer says Major General Scott called upon the our friend, the Governor!" "Sir." replied General Scott, drawing himself up to the full height of his stately person, "I am prepared to lead my countrymen wherever Congress directs me to go !" The answer was that of a true American, and worthy " the hero of a hundred battles."

In Tinicum there is but one barber, and he is a doctor, sweep, chemist, owner of a charcoal mine, and sells the best clams. He lathers his customers with a , 1852, besides additional appropriations and | whitew ash brush, and shaves them with a carving knife. Those disputing his terms in any of these occupations, generally get well kicked and no redress, for the kicker is the Justice of the peace. Philadelphia Sun.

There isn't a word of truth in the above paragraph. The Sun, always well posted. should not misinform its readers in regard to an important part of our Commonwealth. Tinicum is an Island in this county, and we ought to know something about it. When the inhabitants are all at home, they can poll seventeen votes .-The Whigs have a majority of five in all cases, except when they are fishing or shooting, and neglect their duty at the ballot box. The people do not raffle for "The Devil's Half-Acre," although they have their way of conducting elections .-After the polls are opened the voters are few and far between,' and the officers employ their leisure intervals in playing upon the shuffle-board in the basement of the hotel. If a citizen makes his appearance at the window, while they are thus engaged, he is told to wait till the conclusion of the game-after which he deposits his ballot, puts the officers through at the bar, and leaves them awaiting the next customer. There is no barber on are requested to present them for settlement the island. Indeed, scandal has it that none is needed-the people being sharp enough to shave one another, as well as such strangers as may require the operation.—Delaware County Republican.

Remedy for Freezing.

We are told by an aged gentleman, Captain Taylor, that the application of scorched tow or flax, saturated with rum, whiskey, or other liquor, to the flesh while frozen, will be an effectual cure.-He has tried it on himself, and seen it tried on others, with complete success .-A knowledge of so simple a remedy in these Greenlandish days, may be beneficial. - Warren Mail.

Widow Mary Bowen, wife of the late lent white oak, chesnut oak and hickory .-Rev. James Bowen, of Mount Carmel, The Brodhead's creek runs through the prem Ill. is in great distress on account of the ises, upou which is a absence of her son, Francis Bowen. No tidings can be heard from him, although friends have been written to in all directions. His poor mother, now on the borders of the grave, would be greatly relieved to hear from him. Most of his relatives think him deceased. Newspapers generally please copy.

the sale of intoxicating liquors in this Com- the country being laid waste for miles. The from the canoe to the steam palace; at the Pension office in Washington, for A curious application has been made shipping in the harbor, suffered severely, whose various saloons are soft with vel- the land bounty granted by the act of er. Brodhead's creek, which runs through Numerous petitions were presented for the many vessels being destroyed, and their crews vet; they are all found in this ill-under- September, 1850. The man who applies the premises, is a public navigable stream. is found to be nutmegs, which are found | vania, for an indefinite time, and served | growing very fine'y on the hills of that in the war of the United States against the premises, or to Hon. Stogdell Stokes, or Smoke.—During the past year there State. The Sacramento papers say that the Nullifiers of South Carolina. Two James II Stroud, Strondsburg, Pa The State Debt of New York is \$21,- Schuylkill, to be called "Penn"; for the in- were \$2,521,000 worth of eigars impor- astonishingly fine specimens of nutmeg witnesses testify that they saw him depart on this service and return.

Not the Place.

A man who had a severe fall, was ask. A case was heard in Connecticut on ed by the surgeon, ' Have you sprained

A question has been raised in one of our courts, whether a blind man can be made liable on a bill payable at sight.

Singular .- Suicides in New York average one a day, according to a recent

Counterfeit 2's altered from 1's (new plate) on the Mechanics' Bank of Newark are in circulation. They may be distinguished readily, by the fact, that while the 1's have only one.

We learn that the house of Joseph Miller, of Chester county, was entered on the 30th ult., by ruffians, who seized and carried off a free colored girl, whom Mr. Miller had raised. Mr. Mil ler was not in the house when the party arrived, but returned before they had left. On his venturing to interfere, they threatened his life. They finally succeed ed in reaching the railroad and taking their prisoner to Baltimore. Some of the neighbors followed the kidnappers to that city in the hope of rescuing from endless servitude a free inhabitant of our State. We have not heard of the result of their mission. Such occurrences as these are not unfrequent in that neighborhood. No good citizen will fail to reprobte such conduct. We trust these kid nappers will be detected and punished with proper imprisonment in the Peniten-

P. S.—We obtained the above infermation from private sources. Since we wrote the above, we have received the following item of intelligence. It is pullished in the philadelphia North American and Ledger of Saturday:-

BALTIMOTE, Jan. 2, 1852.

Mysterious Death .- The body of Mr. Jos. C Miller, of West Nottingham Magyar New year's day. Whilst there, twp., Chester county, Pa., who has been General Cass came to, and going up to missing since Wednesday last, was found General Scott, exclaimed, in his usual to day, hanging to a tree near Stemmer's puffy manner, "well, General, are you Run" on the line of the Philadel phia prepared to lead a hundred thousand Railroad. He came to this city in the brave Americans to Hungary to assist early part of the week and preferred a complaint, before Justice Pennington, charging Thomas McCreary, of Elkton, with kidnapping a colored girl, named Rachel Parker, who was living with him. McCreary was held to bail, and Miller left on Wednesday, with his companions, for home, the hearing being fixed for the 7th inst. At Stemmer's Run, he was missed from the ears, and nothing more was heard of him until his dead body was found. The jury of inquest rendered a verdict of suicide, but doubts are expressed whether he had not been

*9 miles from Baltimore.

Castor oil is used iustead of sperm oil or lard oil, in Illinois. The Jacksonville Journal says it burns with a white light, and does not clog the wicks.

ship, some time ago, a Brindle Heifer, with a white face; the ears and about the eyes a dark brindle, and has some white spots on the breast and about the hind legs, and is supposed to be about two years old. The owner or owners thereof, is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be disposed of according to law

JOHN LESH

Hamilton, January 15, 1852. Administrator's Notice. Etate of Hiram Wolfinger,

Late of Strond township, Monroe Co. dec'd Notice is hereby given that letters of administration upon the above named estate have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Monroe County. All those having claims or demands against said estate to the undersigned, and those indebted to said decedent to make immediate payment to

RICHARD S. STAPLES, NICHOLAS WOLFINGER. January 15, 1852. Administrators

Valuable Farm & Saw Mill FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale all that Farm situate in the township of Stroud, in the county of Monroe, and State of Pennsylvania,

480 Acres of Land,

about eighty-five thereof cleared and in a high state of cultivation, twelve acres of which is good watered Meadow, and the remainder plough land, and the bal-

ance of said farm Timber Land, which is well timbered with excel-

SALGY INDOGEN erected, which has a never failing supply of

water. The other buildings are a good story and a half FRAME HOUSE,

Frame Barn with stone stables unneath; frame Wagon House, stone Spring House over a never failing spring of water,

and other out buildings in good order. This property is situated about six miles from Stroudsburg, the county seat of Monroe county, and 7 miles from the Delaware Rivupon which stream the Lumber manufac-

market. For particulars apply to the subscriber on

tured at the Mill can be easily conveyed to

G. B. COTANT. January 1, 1859.